FACILITIES AND LOGISTICS

Thirteen main stations and 17 lesser camps and research facilities are located on the icefield and its peripheral areas. Permanent aluminum-sheathed and well insulated buildings exist at field sites. Wooden shelters and tents are used at trail camps. A 3000-volume library containing pertinent research materials, maps, aerial photos and other basic references is maintained at the five main icefield stations, as well as in the environmental sciences research library at the Atlin base station. A wide range of field and laboratory equipment for geophysical, glaciological, surveying, photogrammetric, botanical, meteorological and geological work is available for teaching and research.

Communication between camps and with the Juneau and Atlin bases is handled by radio. Helicopters, charter aircraft, and ski-planes are used for transportation, with ground transport carried out via foot travel, oversnow vehicles, dog team and skiis.

Permanent installations are provided by the Foundation for Glacier and Environmental Research, c/o The Pacific Science Center, Seattle, Washington.

ELIGIBILITY

Graduate and undergraduate participants must be enrolled in, or officially admitted for, work as candidates for a degree at their respective institutions. A high academic record or potential is expected. Considerable weight is placed on personal character, demonstrated interest and professional motivation. Several post-doctoral or senior scientist participantships are available to qualified older scientists.

In the operation of this program and in selecting individuals for participation in and for administration of the program, the University of Idaho and the Foundation for Glacier and Environmental Research will not discriminate against any person on the ground of race, creed, color, sex, or national origin.



Oversnow vehicles on Hades Highway Névé



Dog team on the Taku Névé

APPLICATION

Application can be made as late as June 15th but earlier inquiry is urged. Applications should include information on experience and adaptability to rugged field conditions; transcripts; evidence of school or university status; and letters of recommendation from a supervisory head and two other individuals regarding scholarship and character.

Make application to:

Dr. Maynard M. Miller, Dean

College of Mines & Earth Resources

University of Idaho, Moscow, Idaho 83843

or to the

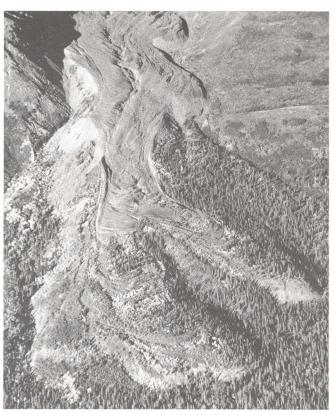
Foundation for Glacier and Environmental Research

Pacific Science Center 200-2nd Ave. North

Seattle, Washington 98109

Field Addresses: P.O. Box 775, Juneau, Alaska 99801

P.O. Box 99, Atlin, B.C., Canada



Rock glacier in the Alaska-B.C.-Yukon border region

RESOURCE SCIENTISTS & DISCIPLINES

- Dr. Maynard M. Miller, Dean, College of Mines and Professor, Geology Department, University of Idaho (field geology, glaciology, Quaternary stratigraphy, mining geology)
- Dr. James H. Anderson, Institute of Arctic Biology, University of Alaska, Fairbanks, AK (geobotany, palynology, remote imagery)
- Dr. Robert F. Black, Dept. of Geology, University of Connecticut, Storrs, Connecticut (permafrost research, Pleistocene geology, polar studies)
- Dr. Herbert Curl, Dept. of Oceanography, Oregon State University; Environmental Research Laboratory, NOAA, Boulder, CO (snowfield ecology, limnology, S.E. Alaska fiord oceanography)
- Dr. Murray L. Johnson, Curator, Museum of Mammalogy, University of Puget Sound, Tacoma, WA (ecology and environmental studies)
- Dr. Robert L. Nichols, Dept. of Geology (emeritus), Tufts University, Medford, MA (glacial geology, volcanology, Antarctic research, mineral exploration and placer mining)
- Dr. Alfred C. Pinchak, Dept. of Fluid Mechanics, Case Western Reserve University, Cleveland, OH (continuum mechanics, hydrological research, surveying, analytical methods)
- Barry W. Prather, Foundation for Glacier and Environmental Research, Pacific Science Center, Seattle, WA (glacier geophysics, seismology, expedition techniques)
- RICHARD M. SHAW, Exploration Geophysics Division, Exxon Company, Denver, CO (geophysical methods, gravimetry, mineral exploration)
- Dr. Heinz Slupetzky, Geography Department and Geology Department, University of Idaho, and Geographical Institute, University of Salzburg, Austria (glacio-hydrology, glacio-climatology, mountain geomorphology)
- Dr. Douglas N. Swanston, Forestry Sciences Lab., U.S. Forest Service, Corvallis, OR (engineering geology, landslide mechanics, mass wastage, land-resource management)
- Dr. Ann M. Tallman, Department of Geology, Smith College, Northampton, MA (glacial geology, arctic soils and periglacial processes)
- Dr. Aylmer H. Thompson, Department of Meteorology, Texas A and M University, College Station, TX (arctic and mountain meteorology, climatology)
- Dr. Monte D. Wilson, Department of Geology, Boise State University, Boise, ID (geomorphology, glacio-hydrology, field mapping)
- Medical, Safety and Terrain and Survival Instruction: W. M. Smith, M.D. and T. R. Haley, M.D., Foundation for Glacier and Environmental Research (coordinators); J. Rude, M.D.; D. Reid, M.D.; B. Prather, A. Clough, W. Harbert, M. Algus
- Administration, Liaison and Logistics Staff: J. W. Miller, A. Clough, J. Florence, A. and N. Livingston, R. M. Miller, M. Parke, C. Thomas, D. Thomas, L. Thomas, D. Williams
- Camp and Field Operations: R. Flanders, J. Algus, L. Barton, D. Curl, P. Egan, D. Extine, R. Hammond, L. Herbert, L. D. Miller, R. Morris, A. Swanston, G. Thoma, L. Thoma, D. Warren
- Other Lecturers, Scientific Advisors and Research Affiliates:

 Dr. Talbert Abrams, Abrams Aerial Survey Corp., Lansing MI (aerial surveys); Montgomery Alford, Inland Waters Branch, Government of Canada, Whitehorse, Y.T. (hydrometrics, water resources management); Mitchell Algus, University of Colorado (glaciology research, periglacial geology research); Robert Asher, Foundation for Glacier and Environmental Research (glacio-hydrology); D. Brew, A. Ford and Vern Berwick, U.S. Geological Survey (regional geology and hydrology); Steven Buttrick, Dept. of Botany, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C. (arctic botany, periglacial research); R. Morris, Dept. of Geology, University of Idaho (glaciology research); Decenty, Decenty, University of Idaho (glaciology research), John Harvey, Foundation for Glacier and Environmental Research, Atlin, B.C. (mining methods); W. Lokey, U.S. Antarctic Research Program (equipment and logistics); Dr. Bruce Molnia, U.S. Geological Survey, Alaska Branch (glacial sedimentation, Gulf of Alaska Marine Geology); Dr. Steven Warren, Dept. of Biophysics, Brandeis University, MA (research methods, crystallography); Frederick Nelson, Dept. of Geography, University of Idaho (mountain geomorphology and periglacial research); Dr. George A. Williams, Head, Dept. of Ceology, University of Idaho (economic geology, mineral deposits, cordilleran volcanics); J. Wallis, ADNAC Mine, Atlin, B.C. (economic geology, mineral exploration, mining methods); Bruce Winton, National Weather Service, Juneau, AK (meteorological methods, Alaska regional climatology)

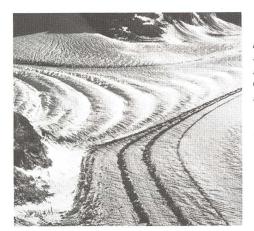
ARCTIC AND MOUNTAIN SCIENCES

17th Summer Institute of Glaciological and Arctic Sciences JULY 14 — AUGUST 25, 1976 JUNEAU ICEFIELD, ALASKA and the Atlin Lake region B.C., Canada

Supported by the University of Idaho, the Foundation for Glacier and Environmental Research and the Juneau Icefield Research Program.



Glacier cave in the Lemon Glacier near Camp 17.



Englacial structures in the Gilkey Trench near Camp 19

PURPOSE

The Juneau Icefield Research Program (JIRP) was organized in 1946 to pursue detailed long-term research on interrelationships of the many disciplines necessary to understand the total environment of arctic and mountain regions. As an extension of this program, the Summer Institute of Glaciological and Arctic Sciences was organized in 1959 to provide combined academic and field training, both at the graduate and undergraduate level, so essential to the solution of these multi-varied problems. The aim is to insure a total systems competence in potential polar and mountain scientists and to provide practical training with broad significance for geologists, hydrologists, geophysicists, atmospheric scientists and ecologists with field interests.

Students not only have the opportunity to observe and study subaerial processes in a dynamic region of existing glaciers, and rugged mountain terrain, but also to gain appreciation of the inter-science investigational approach in field studies which are applicable not only to pristine wilderness regions but to scientific environmental problems in rural and urban areas.

As part of their training, participants attend lectures at pertinent field sites, participate in demonstrations with instruments and materials in the field, and take and record a variety of different scientific measurements under supervision as part of a long-range research program of related investigations from high-elevation and continental periglacial areas to low-level temperate and maritime regions. Through this approach, students gain a realistic understanding of glacio-climatological, glacio-geological and glacio-ecological relationships in natural systems. In addition to selected academic offerings, the Institute gives practical field work and extensive experience in a variety of personally challenging projects.

DATE

The Institute will be held from July 14th to August 25th, 1976. For qualified students interested in participation in the long-term Juneau Icefield Research Program and allied regional research projects, or for those who desire field work on thesis problems, a period of additional field work may be arranged.

THE PROGRAM

Emphasis is placed on expeditionary experience and research participation in various scientific projects developed for student involvement in the field. Field courses are offered in glaciology, geomorphology and selected environmental sciences. These are directed by Dr. M. M. Miller with visiting scientists assisting in these offerings and available for consultation. Academic Credit is arranged through the Geology and Geography Departments of the University of Idaho.

Special topic seminars covered are: Arctic Environmental Sciences; Terrestrial and Glacial Photogrammetry; Glacier Surveys and Mapping; Glacio-ecology; Lichenometry; Periglacial Geomorphology and Pleistocene Stratigraphy; Continuum Mechanics; Glacio-meteorology; Glacio-hydrology; Exploration Geophysics and Mineral Resources Prospecting; and Arctic Basin Research.

All offerings are designed to take full advantage of a classical glacial, periglacial and mountain and arctic environment in terms of field and "laboratory" instruction.



Density and melt-water measurements, Upper Taku Glacier



Debris-entrained thrust surface, Mendenhall Glacier

Lectures, field studies and problem sessions are held on adjunct topics. All offerings are given concurrently during a concentrated four-week session on the Juneau Icefield, emphasizing Neoglacial conditions. Each participant is exposed to all offerings. An initial week is devoted to indoctrination in field methods, and safety and survival techniques. Another two weeks are used for work on a specific field problem, dependent on the participant's aim, interest and abilities. The last two weeks generally are concentrated in the Atlin area where the deglaciated terrain provides opportunity for study of Cordilleran Wisconsinan chronology and Holocene periglacial environments. For those wishing to ally the instructional program with a specific thesis project, or equivalent research, including post-doctoral research, field problems may be developed.

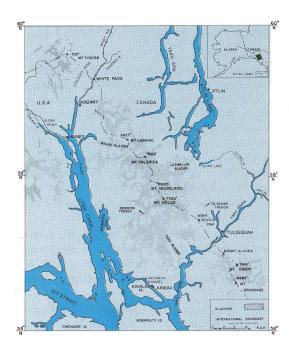
PARTICIPANTSHIPS AND AWARDS

A limited number of field participantships are available at the undergraduate, graduate and post-doctoral or senior scientist level. These include undergraduate research participation awards and graduate level awards supported by the Foundation for Glacier and Environmental Research (FGER). Several JIRP research assistantships in connection with ongoing programs are offered to outstanding previous participants or others having equivalent experience. A few field training awards are also available to high-ability high school juniors and seniors with environmental and earth science interests.

Places for additional participants in each category are available at the field fee of \$1060 per student for the full session. Participants cover their own travel expenses between their home and Juneau, Alaska, and from Atlin, B.C., back home.

LOCATION

The main glacier area lies on or near the Juneau Icefield in the Alaska-Canada Coast Range between Juneau, Alaska and Atlin, B.C. In past seasons field trips have been conducted to observe phenomena in the deglaciated coastal environs, such as Glacier Bay, the Chilkat region, the forested fiords of Lynn Canal and in the Dezadeash Lake and Atlin Lake areas on the continental side of the Boundary Range. Special emphasis this year will be given to the Atlin District, lying adjacent to the icefield on the north. Here a remarkable array of Wisconsinan deglaciation features and periglacial phenomena are observed. A permanent headquarters station is maintained at Atlin, B.C., from which field trips are also made to the Yukon Territory.





Surveying instruction at a field camp



Alaska Air National Guard ski-plane at Camp 10